

The Fraction of Radio-Loud AGN in the EDFN

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Collaborators: Huub Röttgering, Sonal Garg
LOFAR Family Meeting 2025

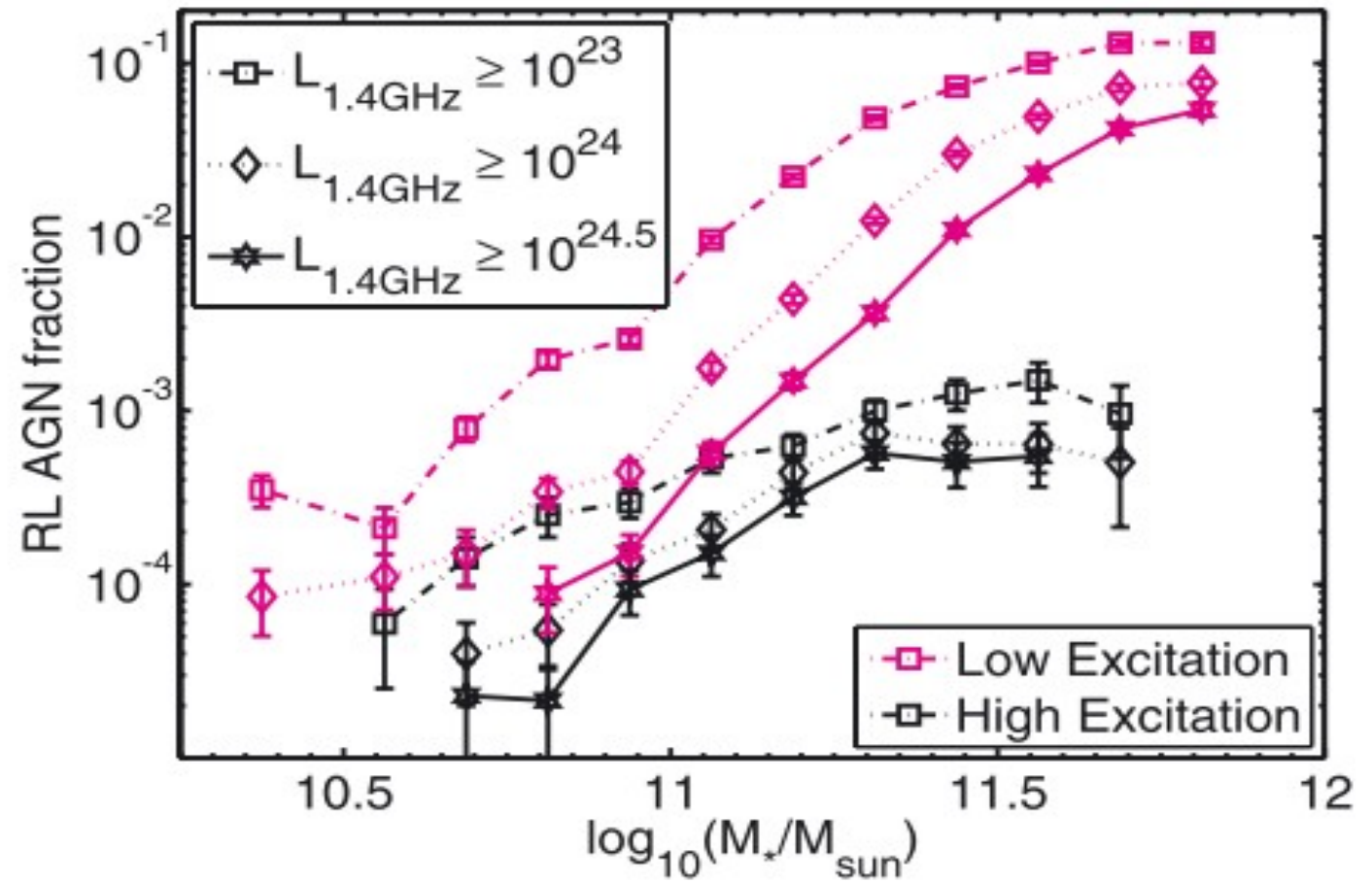


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Radio-Loud AGN Fraction as a Function of Stellar Mass

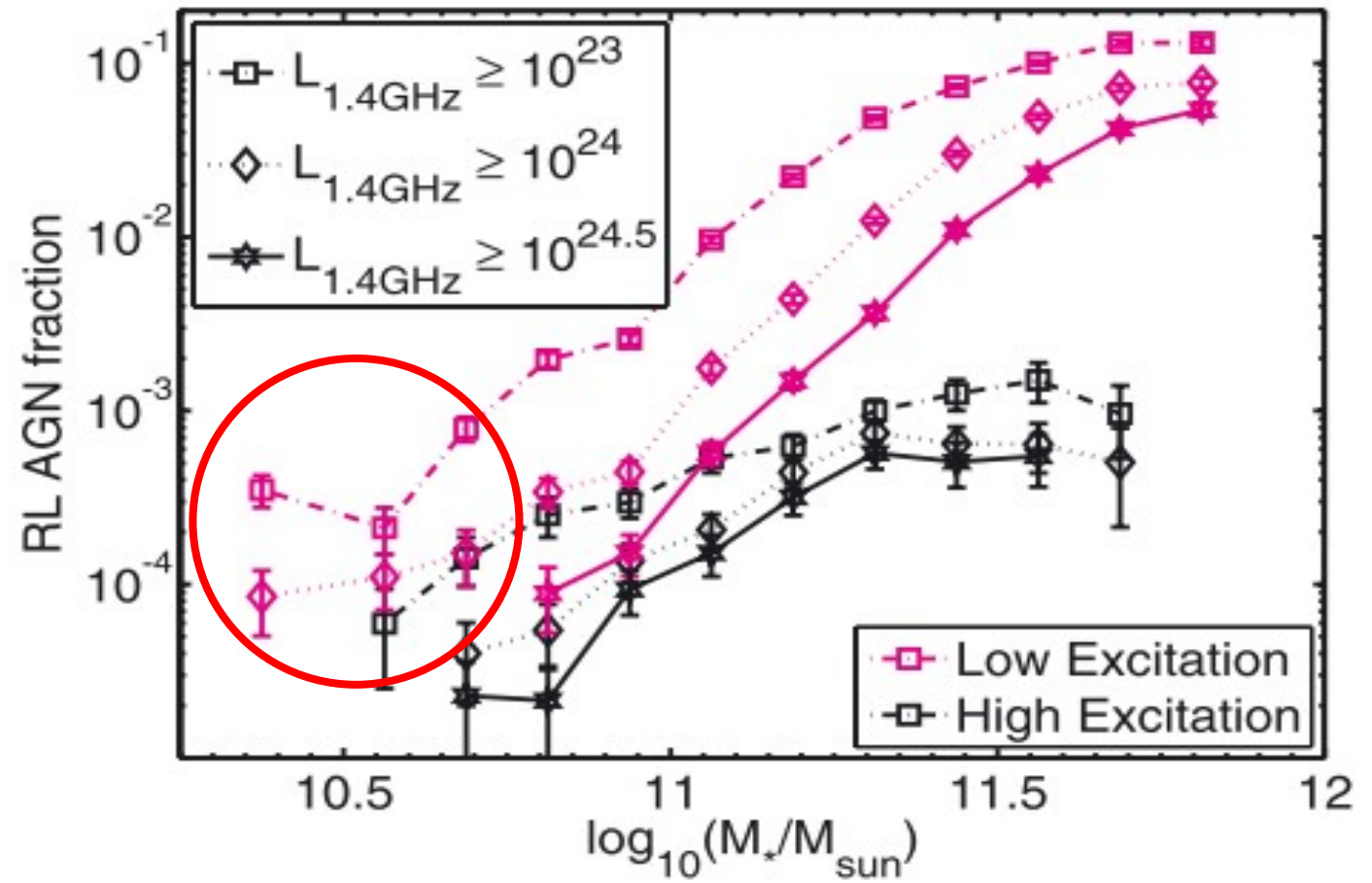
- Local Universe ($0 < z < 0.3$):
RL AGN fraction $f_{\text{AGN}} \propto M_*^{2.5}$



NVSS & FIRST + SDSS
Janssen et al. 2012

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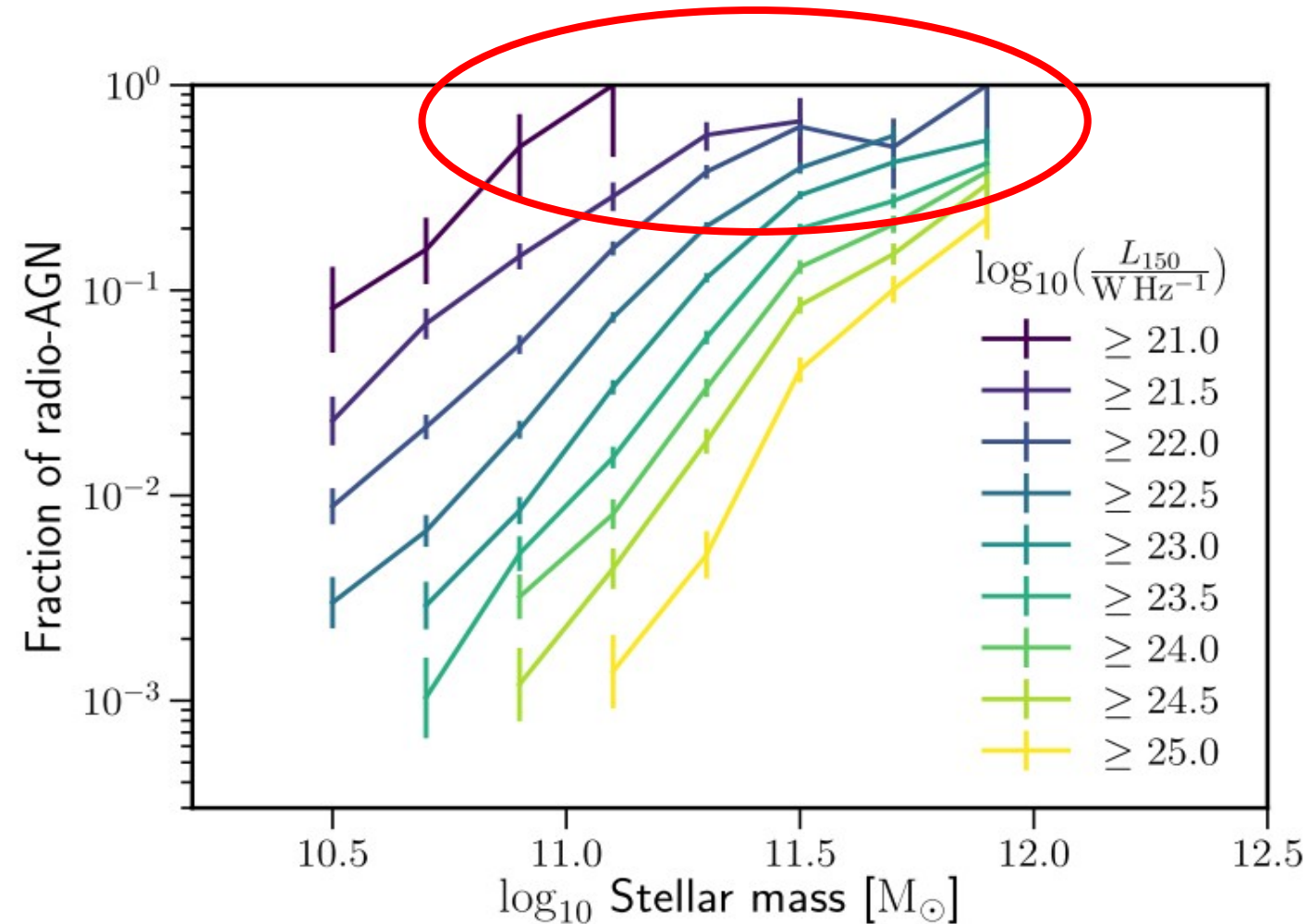
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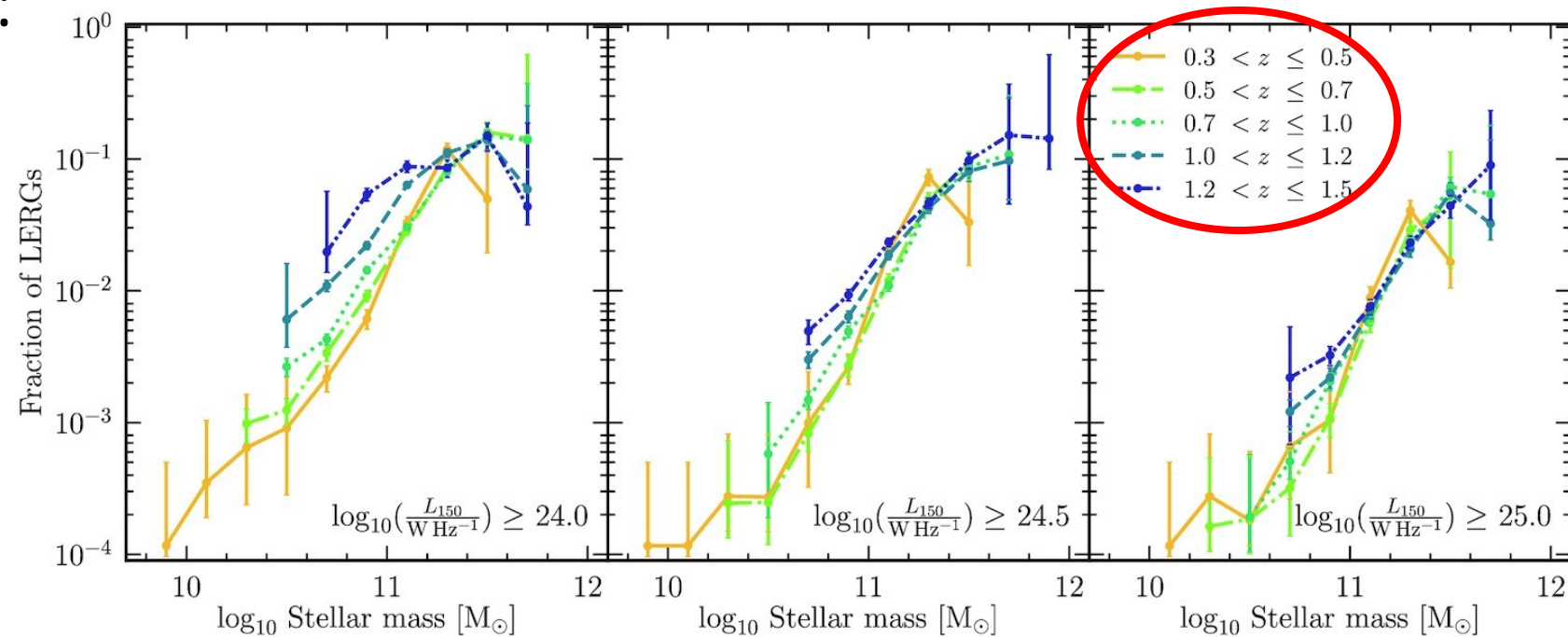
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- Reaches (almost) 100% for heaviest galaxies



LoTSS DR1 + SDSS
Sabater et al. 2019

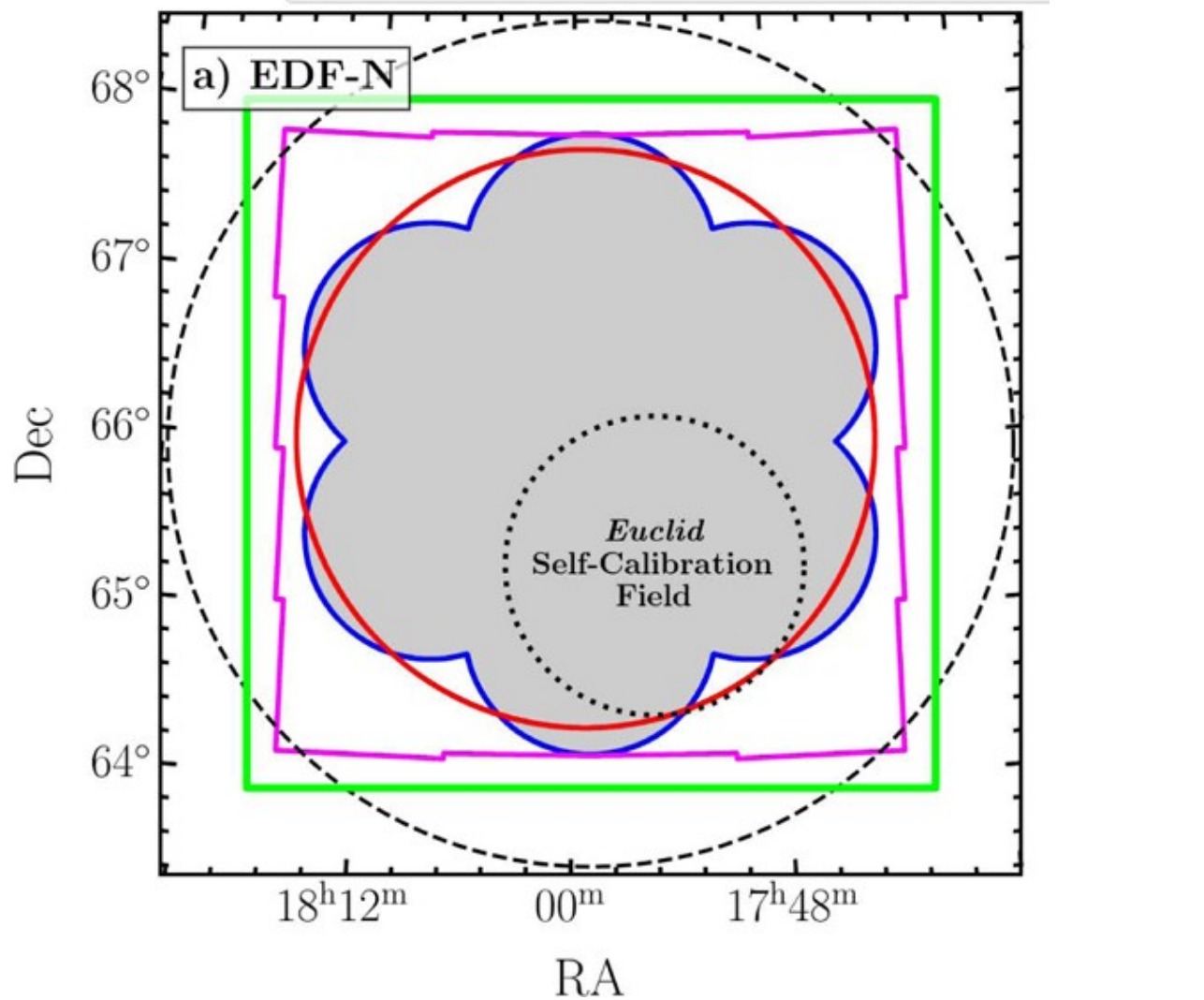
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- Reaches (almost) 100% for heaviest galaxies
- Evolution with redshift?
- With Euclid: Extend to higher z and lower M_* in the EDFN

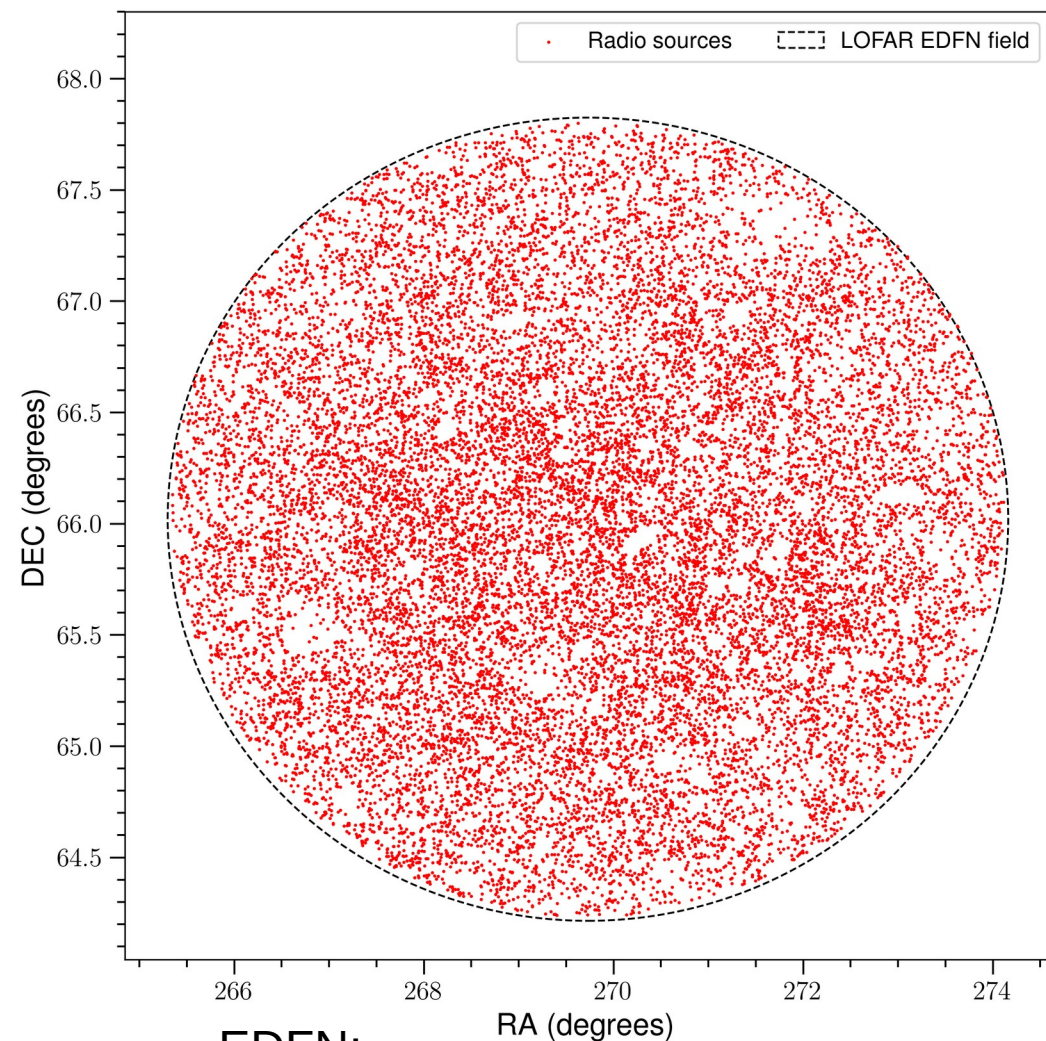


Euclid Deep Field North (EDFN)

EC: Zalesky et al. 2025



— CFHT/MegaCam *u* - - - *Euclid*/NISP YJH — DAWN:H2O PL Catalog
— Subaru/HSC *griz* — *Spitzer*/IRAC [3.6 μ m]+[4.5 μ m] ■ PL full-depth area



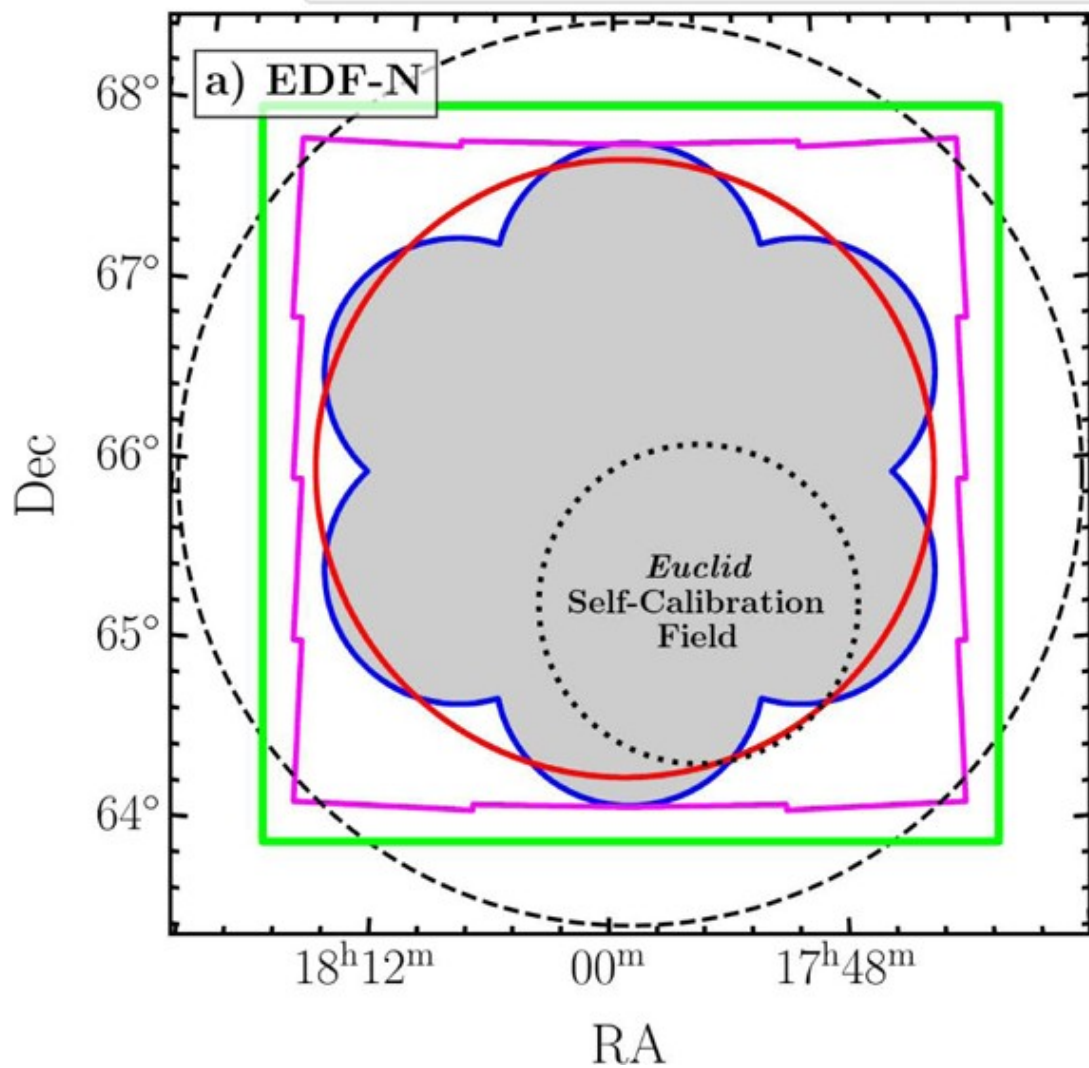
EDFN:

~23 deg²

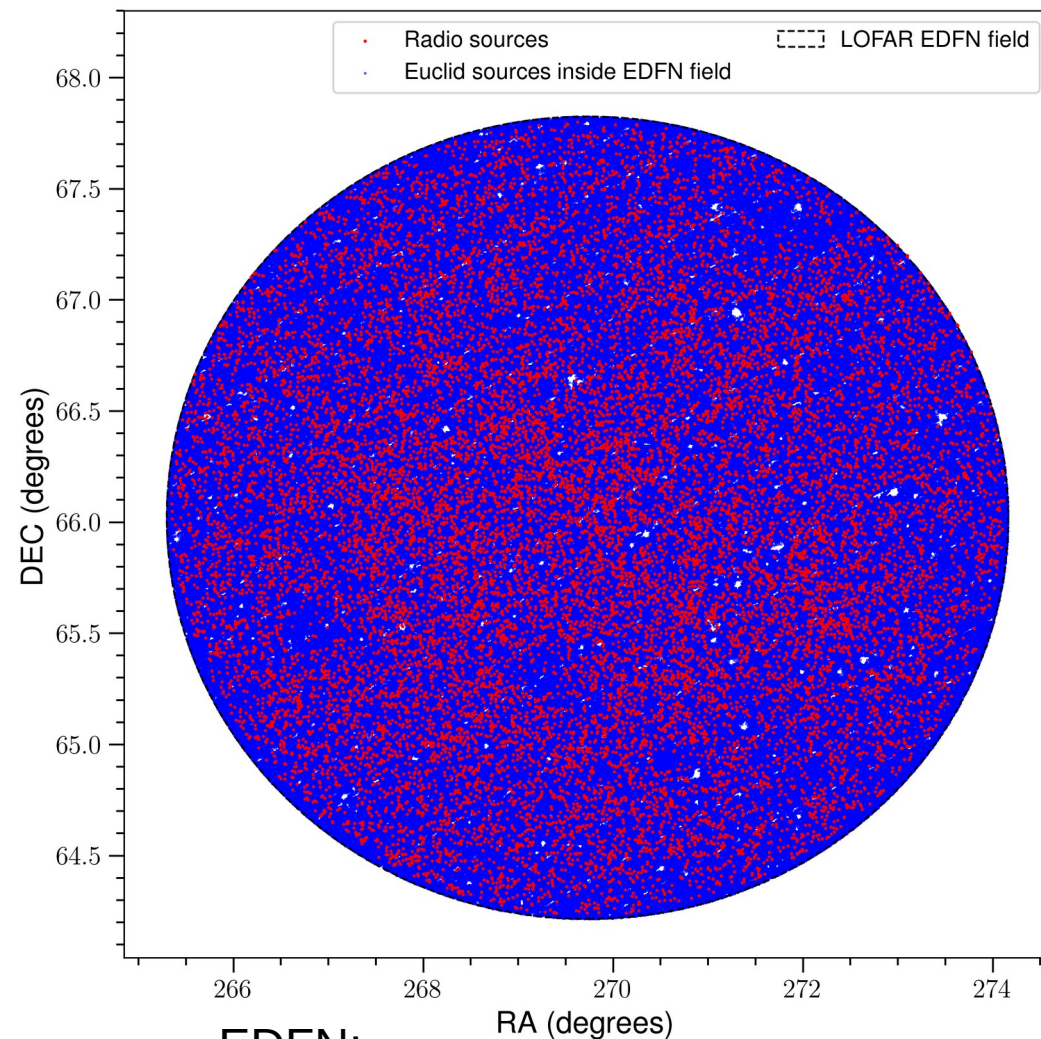
~23k LOFAR sources (Bondi et al. 2024)

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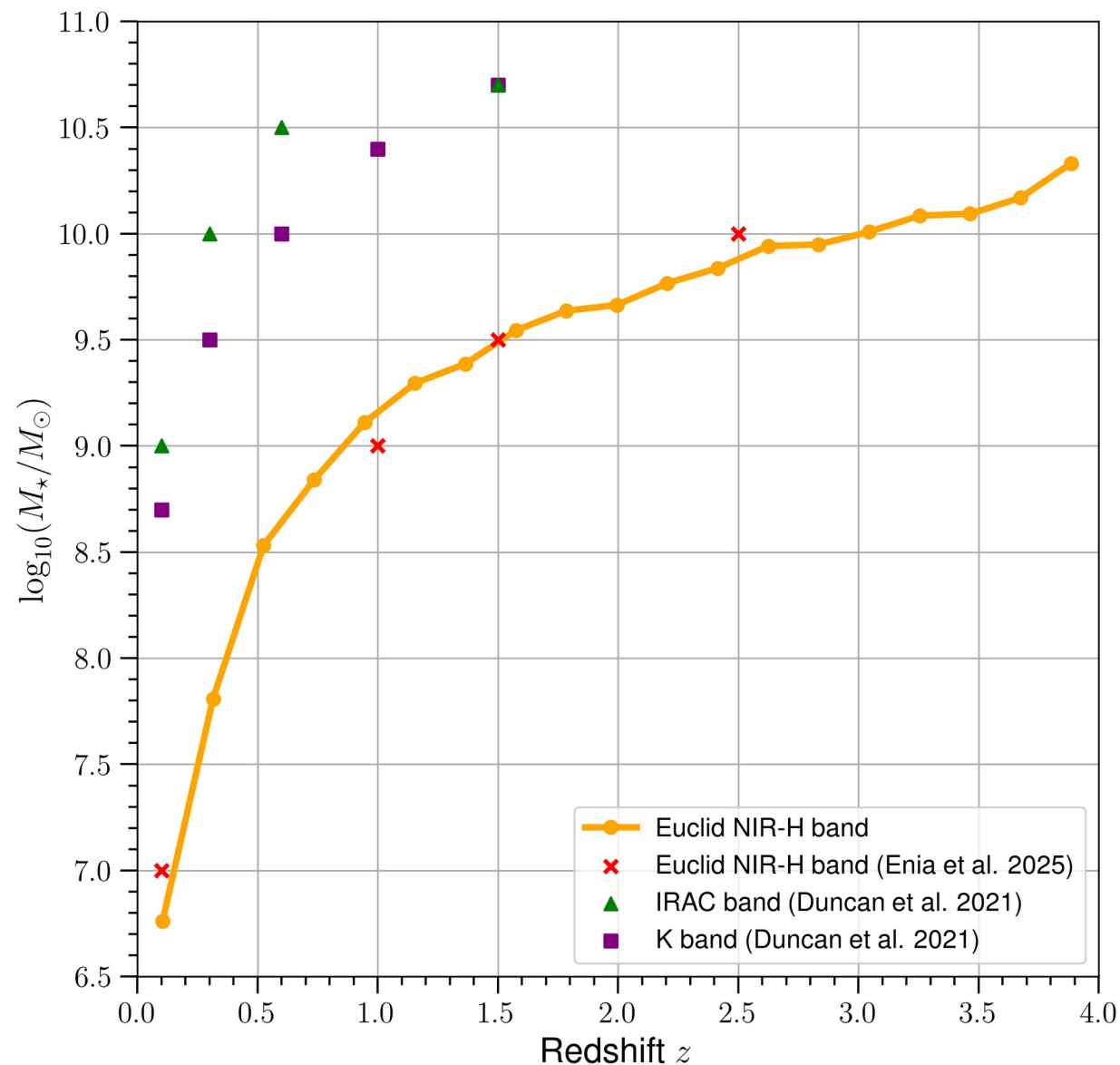
~11m Euclid sources

Stellar Mass Completeness Limit

Compare stellar mass completeness limit with LOFAR
deep fields: ELAIS-N1, Boötes, Lockman Hole
(Duncan et al 2021)



Euclid is great at finding low-mass galaxies!



Cross-matching Euclid Q1 & LOFAR

Euclid Q1

All EDFN sources: 11,378,352



After quality cuts & in LOFAR FoV:
1,377,734

LOFAR EDFN deep field

Radio catalogue: 23,309
(Bisigello et al. Subm.)



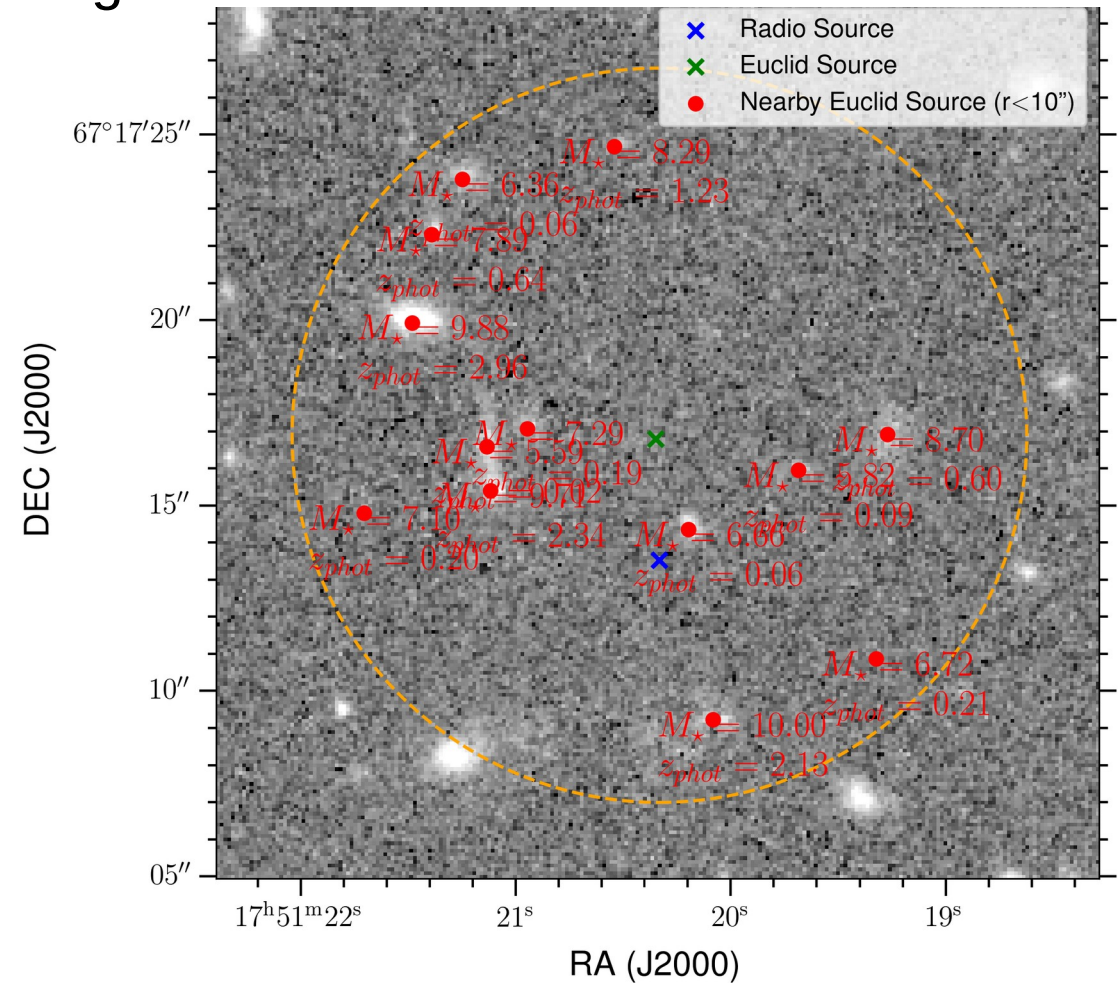
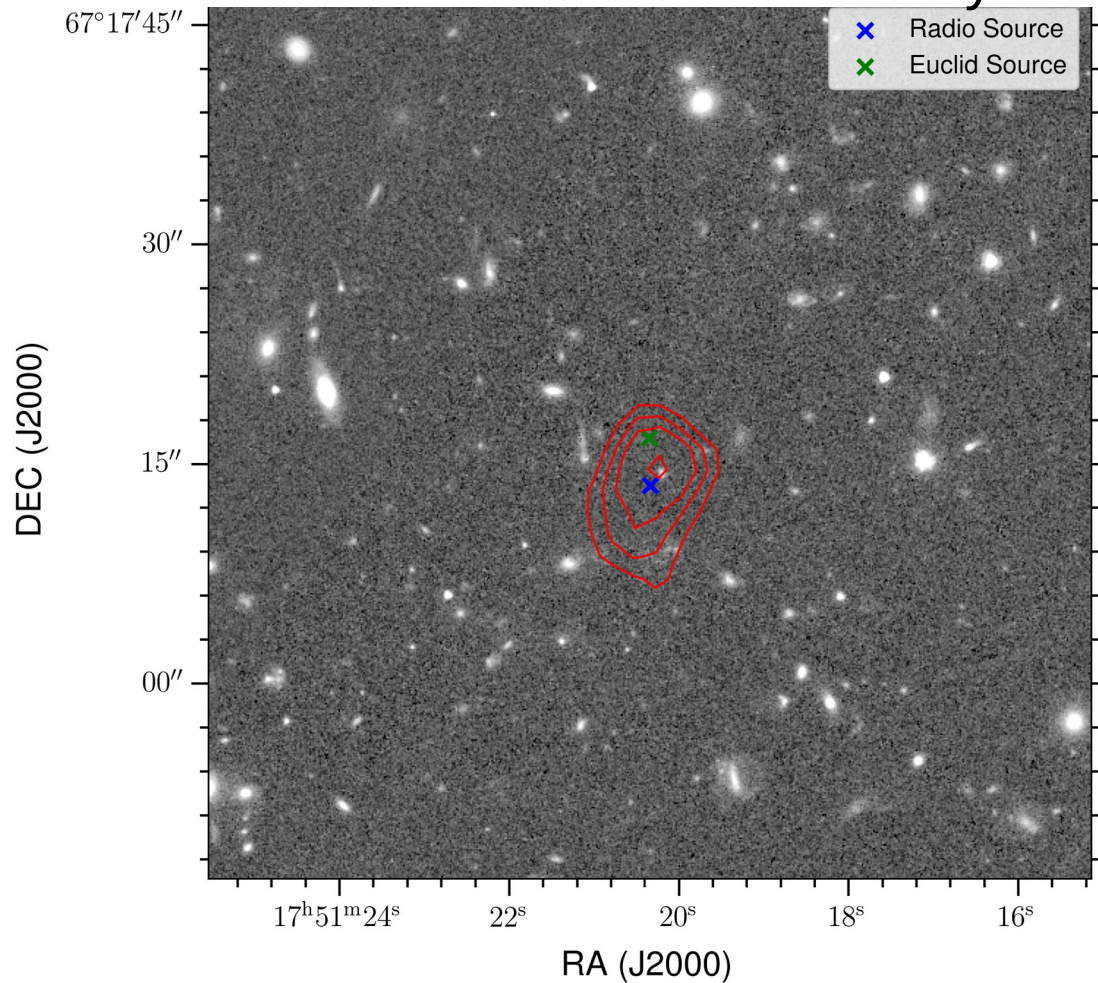
Radio sources with Euclid source
within 1.5 arcseconds: 9,253

Cross-Matching Contamination

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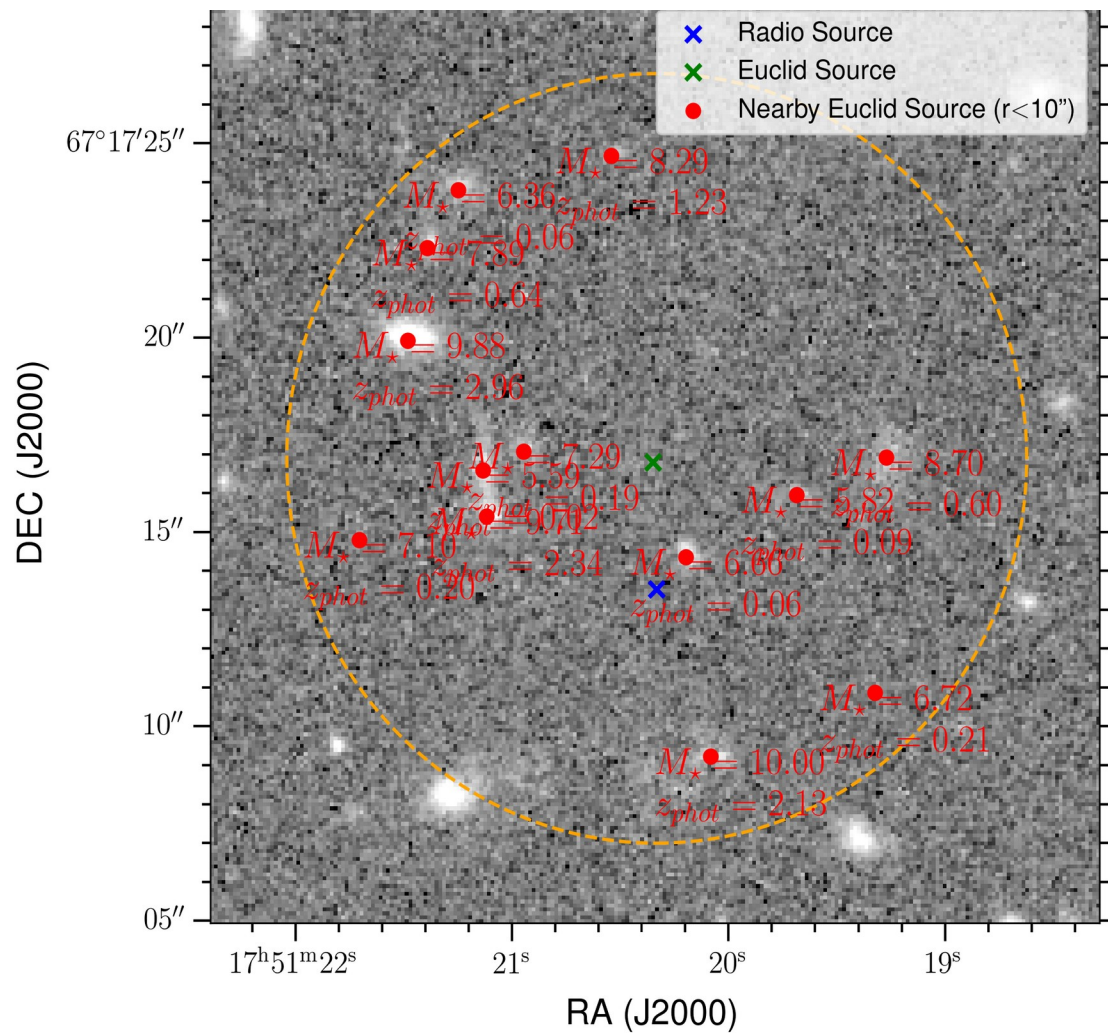


Maybe a bit too good...

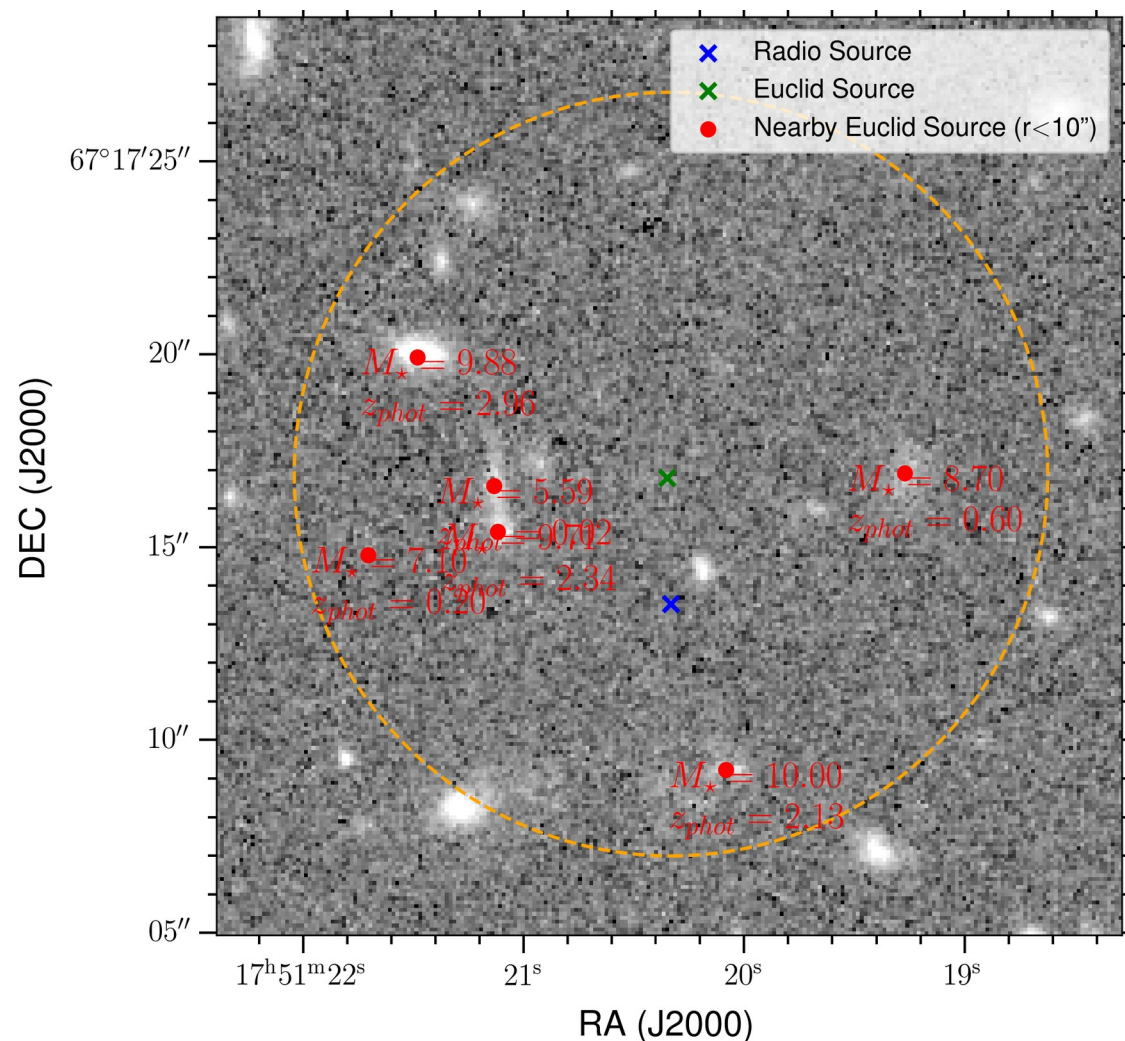


Cross-Matching Contamination

Before filtering (SNR, Physical paramers)



After filtering (SNR, Physical paramers)

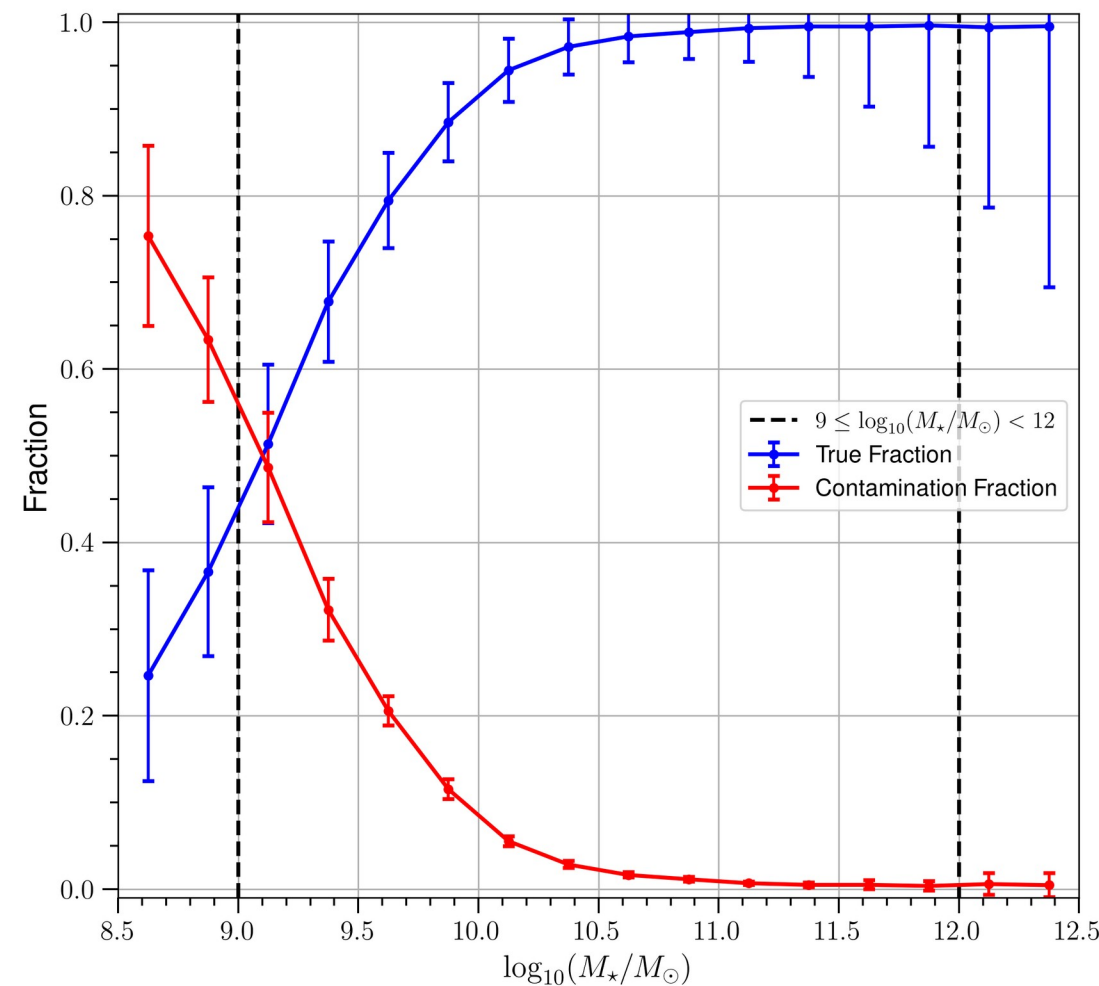


Cross-Matching Contamination

Estimate contamination through calculating matching fraction for random coordinates in EDFN within 1.5 arcseconds



Make use of Likelihood Ratio (LR) method to improve cross-matching



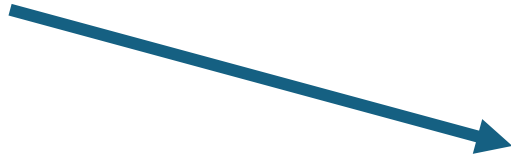
Cross-matching Euclid Q1 & LOFAR

Euclid Q1

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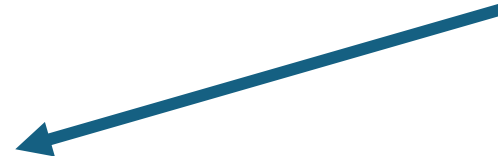
Sources passing LR selection: 8,475

LOFAR EDFN deep field (Bondi+2024)

Radio catalogue: 23,309
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Radio sources with Euclid source
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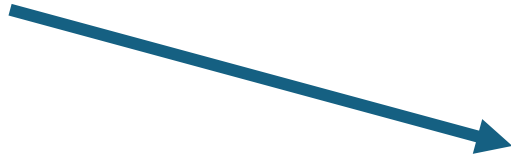
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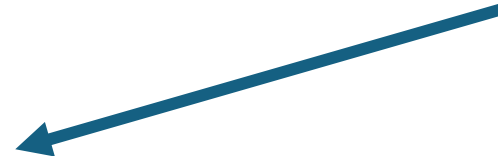
Remove $\text{sSFR} > 10^{-8} \text{ yr}^{-1}$:
6,075
(EC: Tucci et al. 2025)

LOFAR EDFN deep field (Bondi+2024)

Radio catalogue: 23,309
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Radio sources with Euclid source
within 1.5 arcseconds: 9,253



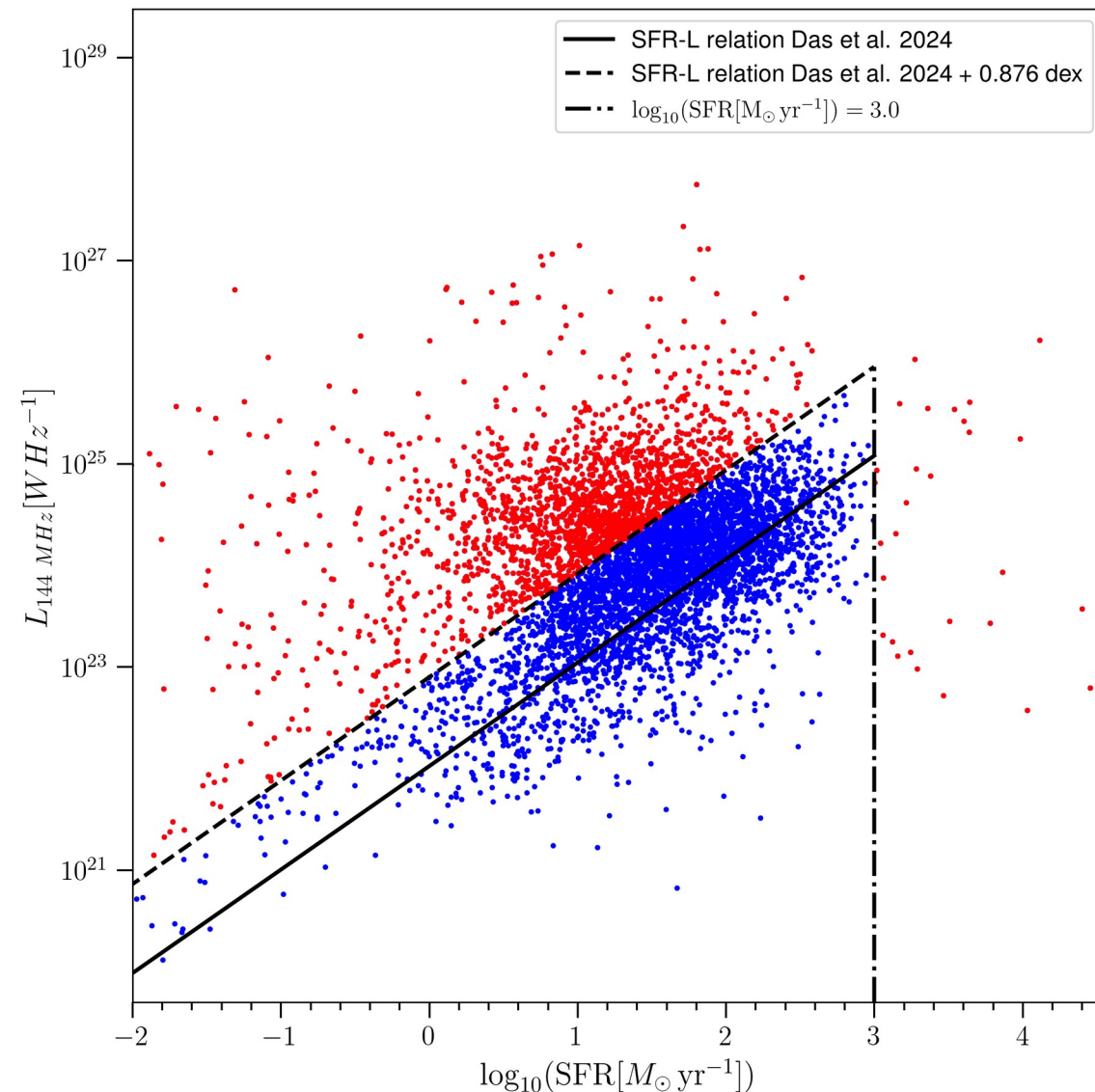
Radio-Loud AGN Classification

Radio Luminosity – Star Formation Rate relation
(Das et al. 2024):
 $L_{150 \text{ MHz}} = L_0 \psi^\beta$
with $\log_{10}(L_0) = 22.024 \pm 0.006$ and $\beta = 1.019 \pm 0.009$

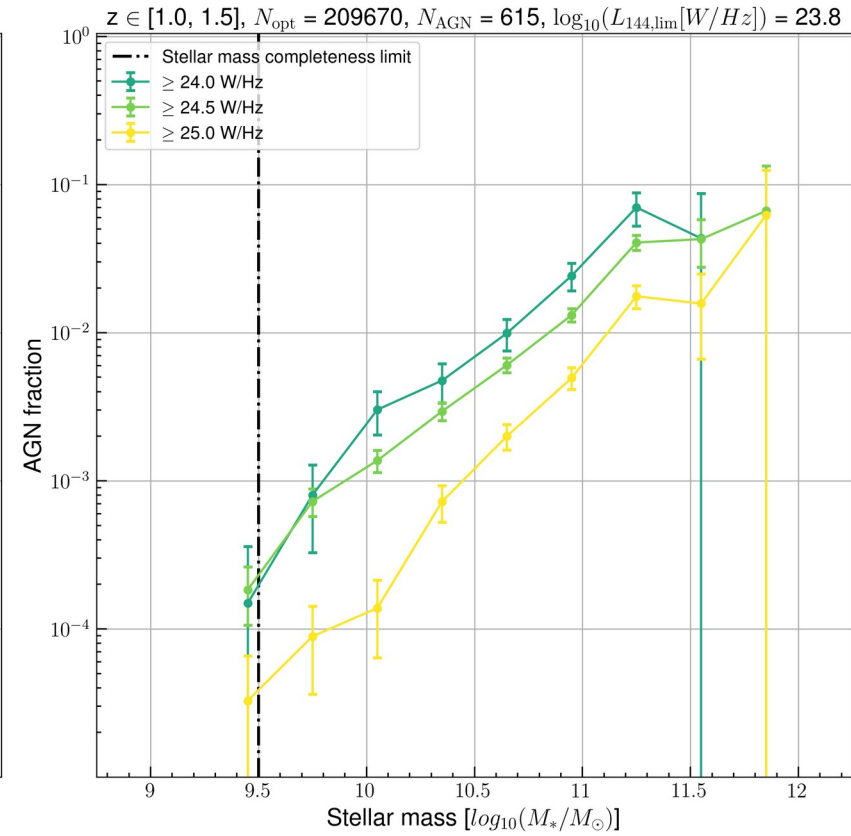
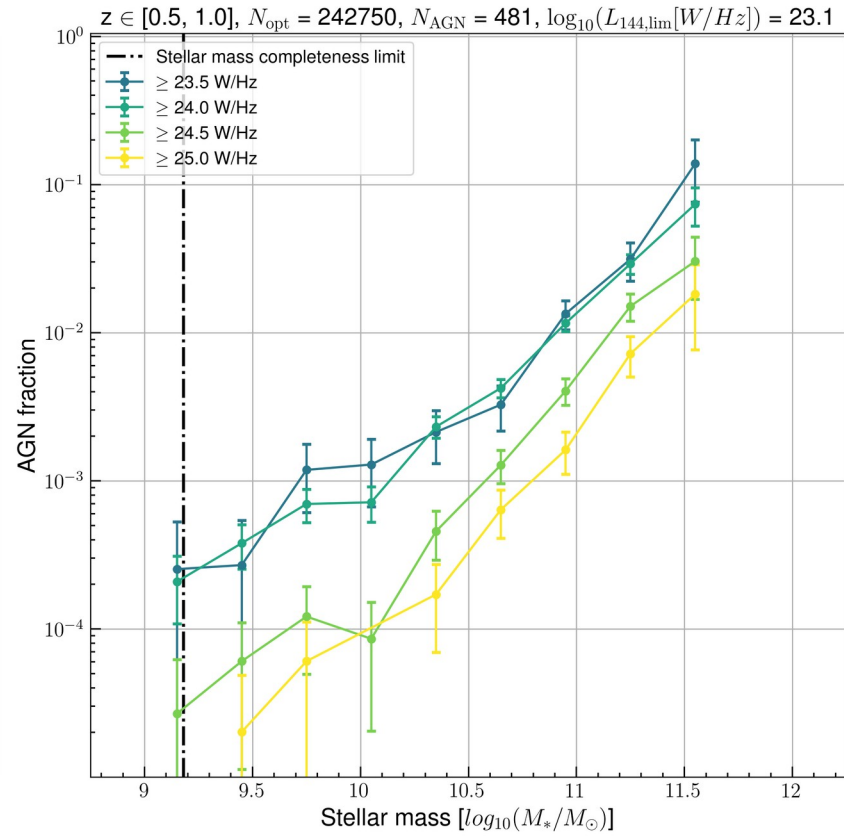
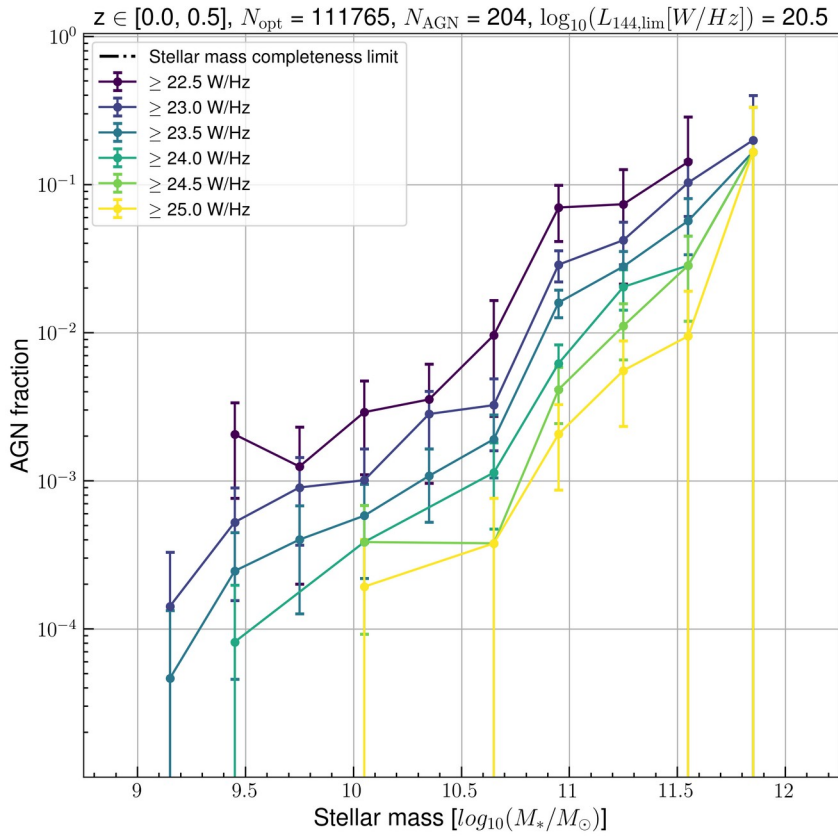
6,075 matched sources



2,076 matched AGN (34.2%)

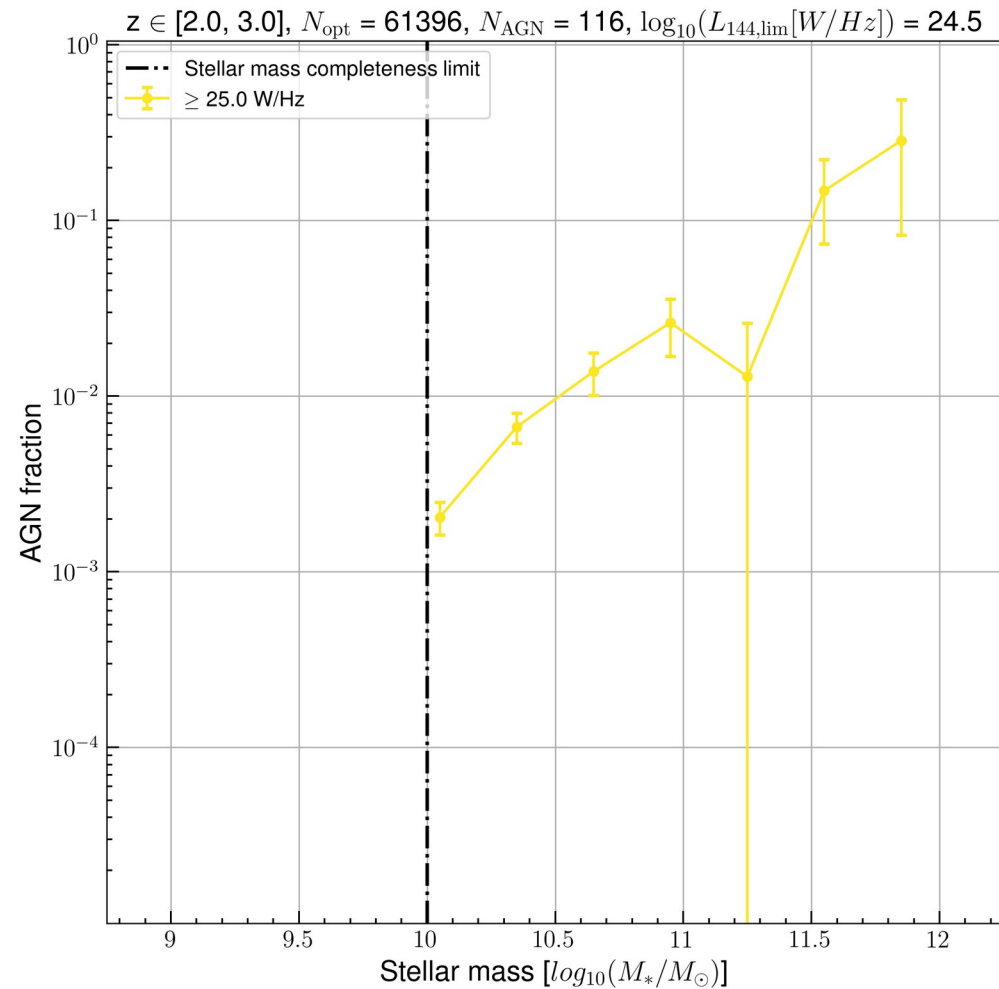
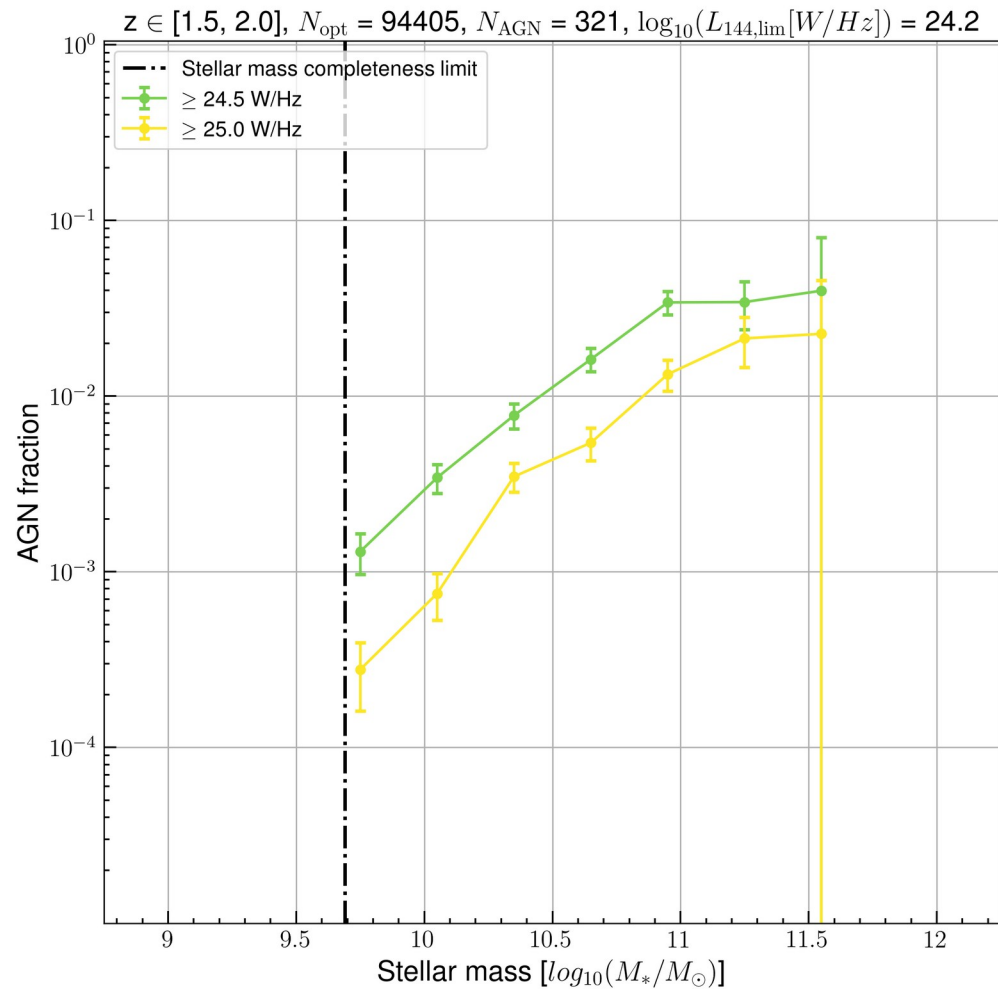


Radio-Loud AGN Fraction in the EDFN



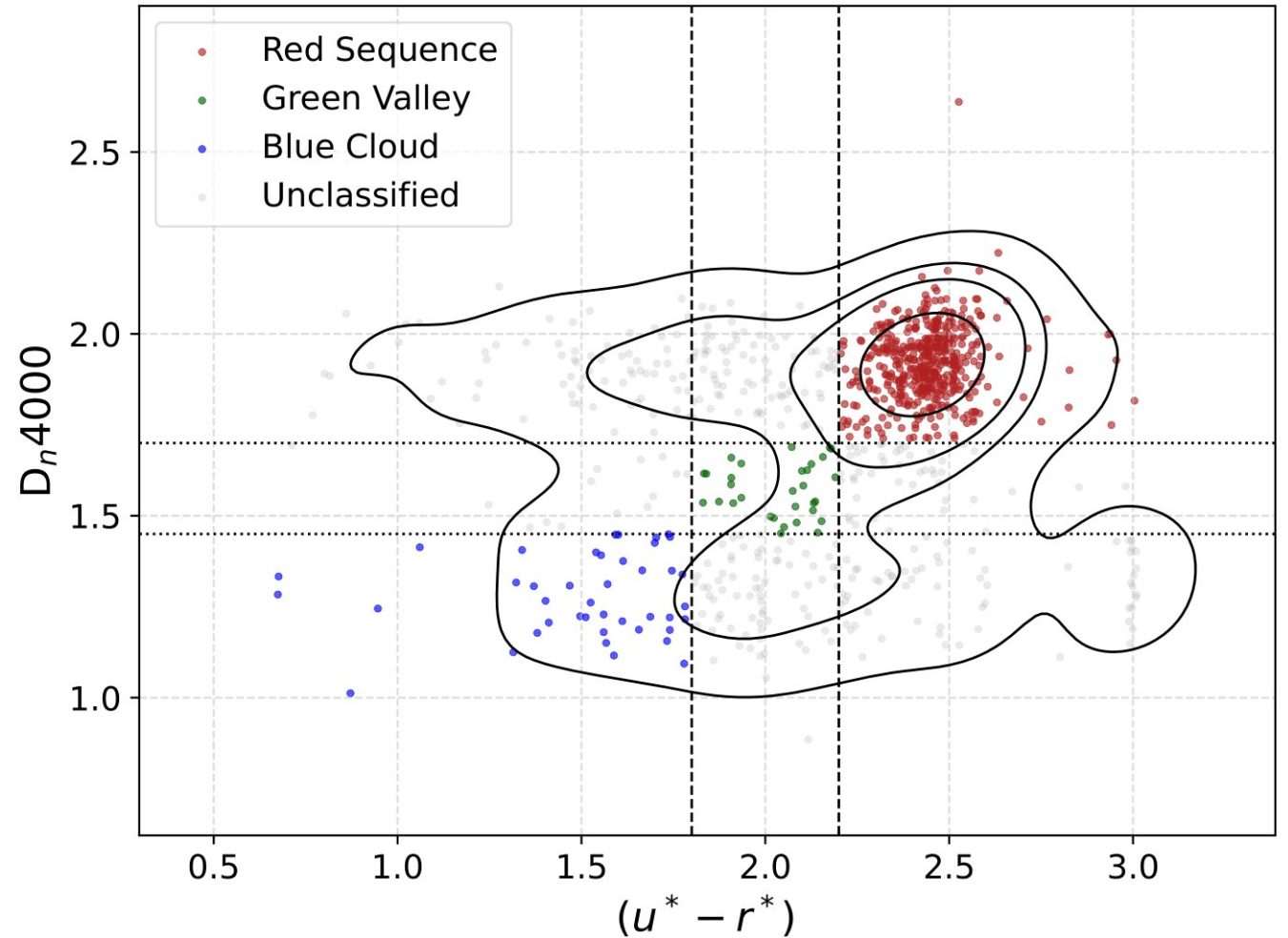
Radio-Loud AGN Fractions in the EDFN

Towards higher redshift



Colour Evolution of Radio-Loud AGN

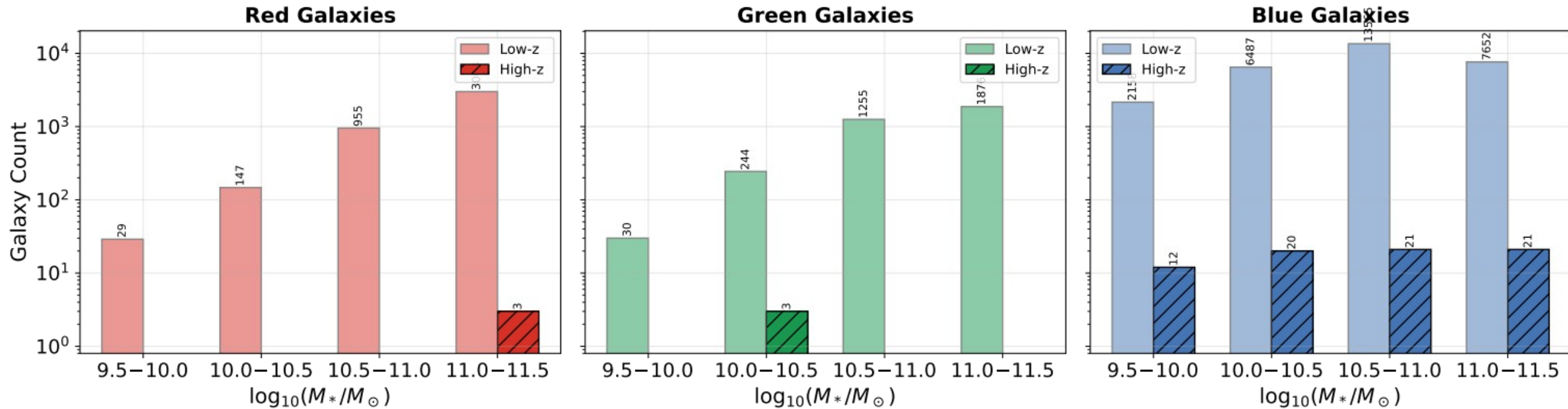
- Use 4000 Å break strength and (u-r) colour to separate red and “dead” galaxies from blue galaxies
- Study redshift evolution using two samples:
 - 1) Low-z: Heckman & Best 2012
 - 2) High-z: EDFN (LOFAR + Euclid)



Colour Evolution of Radio-Loud AGN

Explore the overlap in the surveys

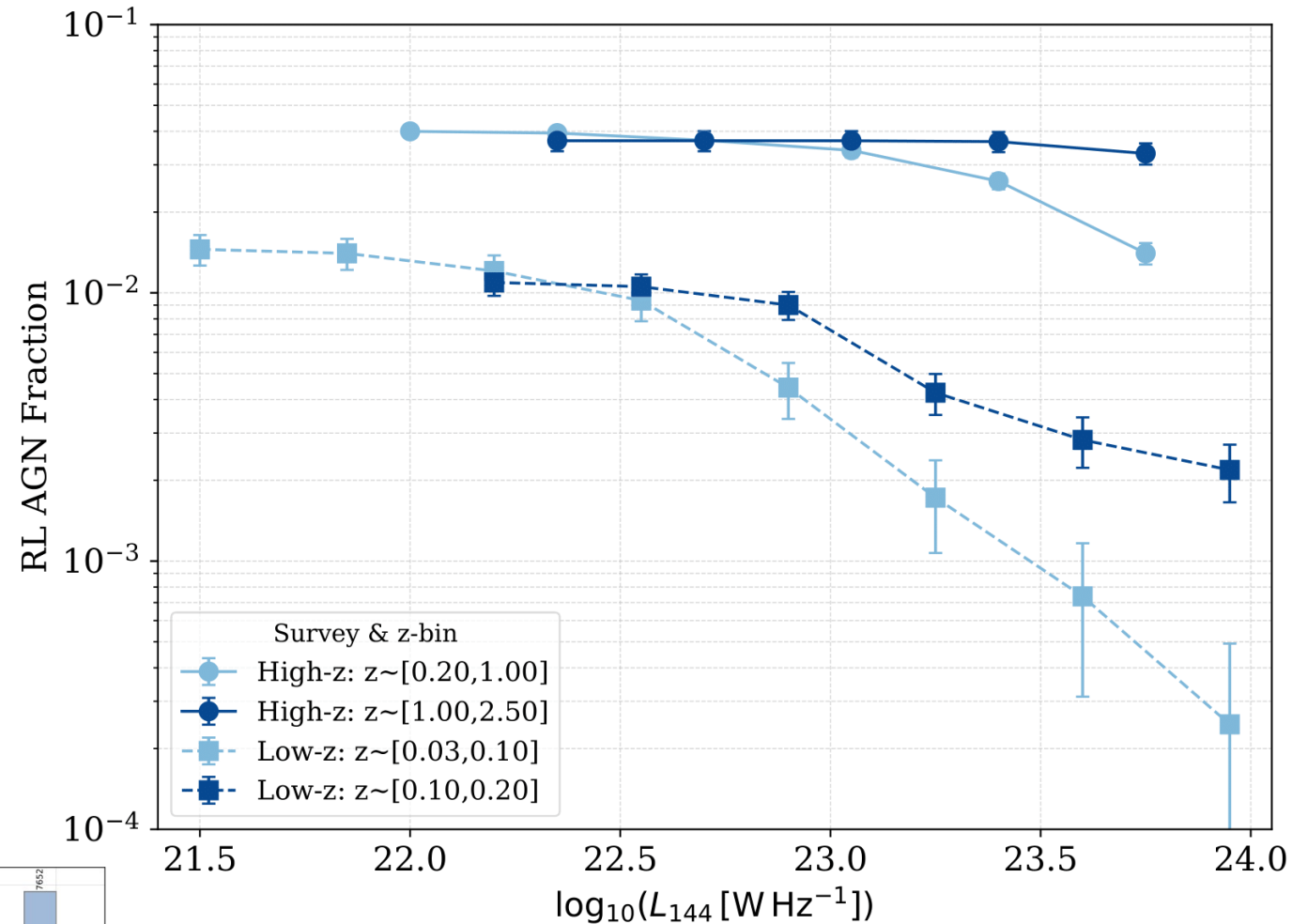
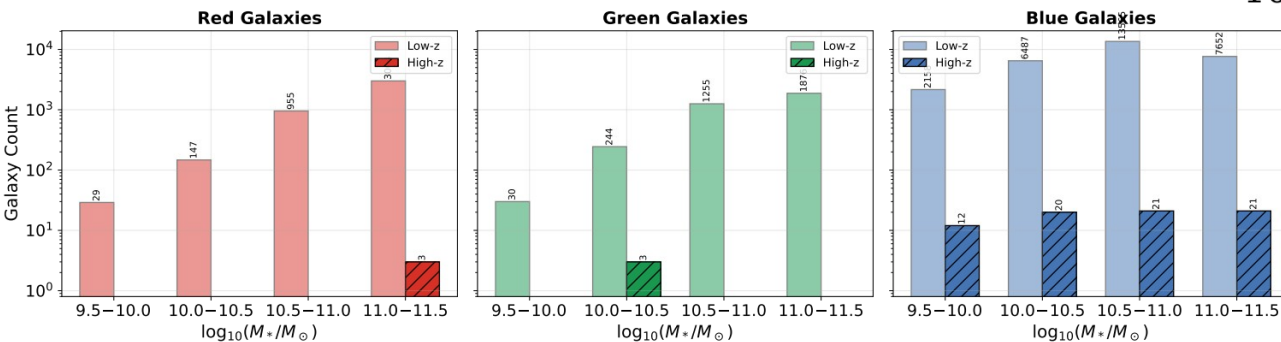
Low-z vs High-z : Color-Stellar Mass Distribution ($z = 0.03-0.5$)



Colour Evolution of Radio-Loud AGN

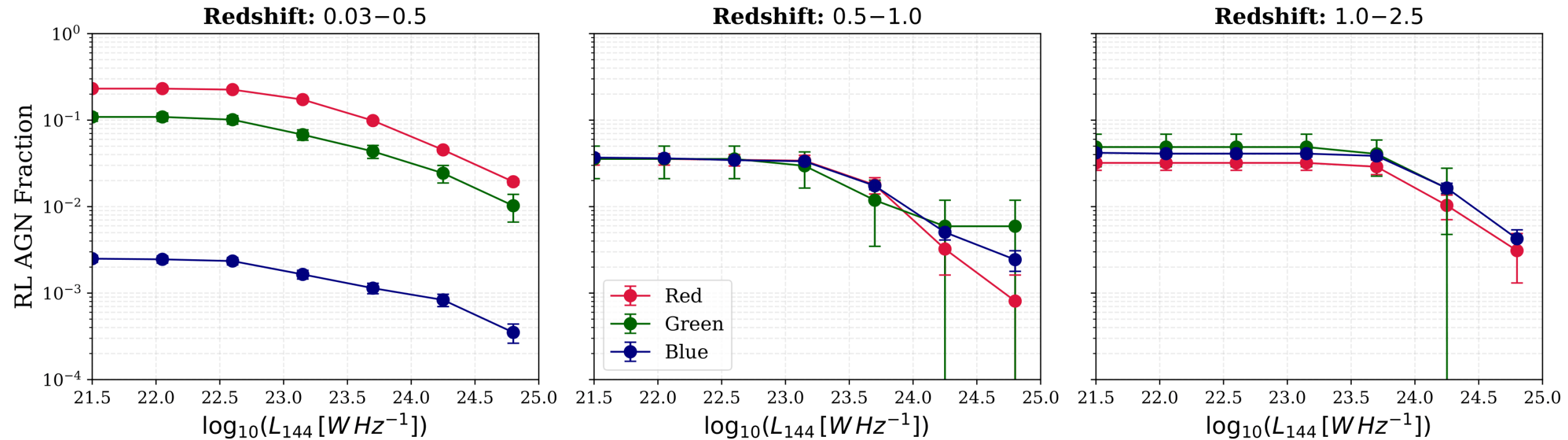
Blue sources show evolution with redshift

Low-z vs High-z : Color-Stellar Mass Distribution ($z = 0.03-0.5$)



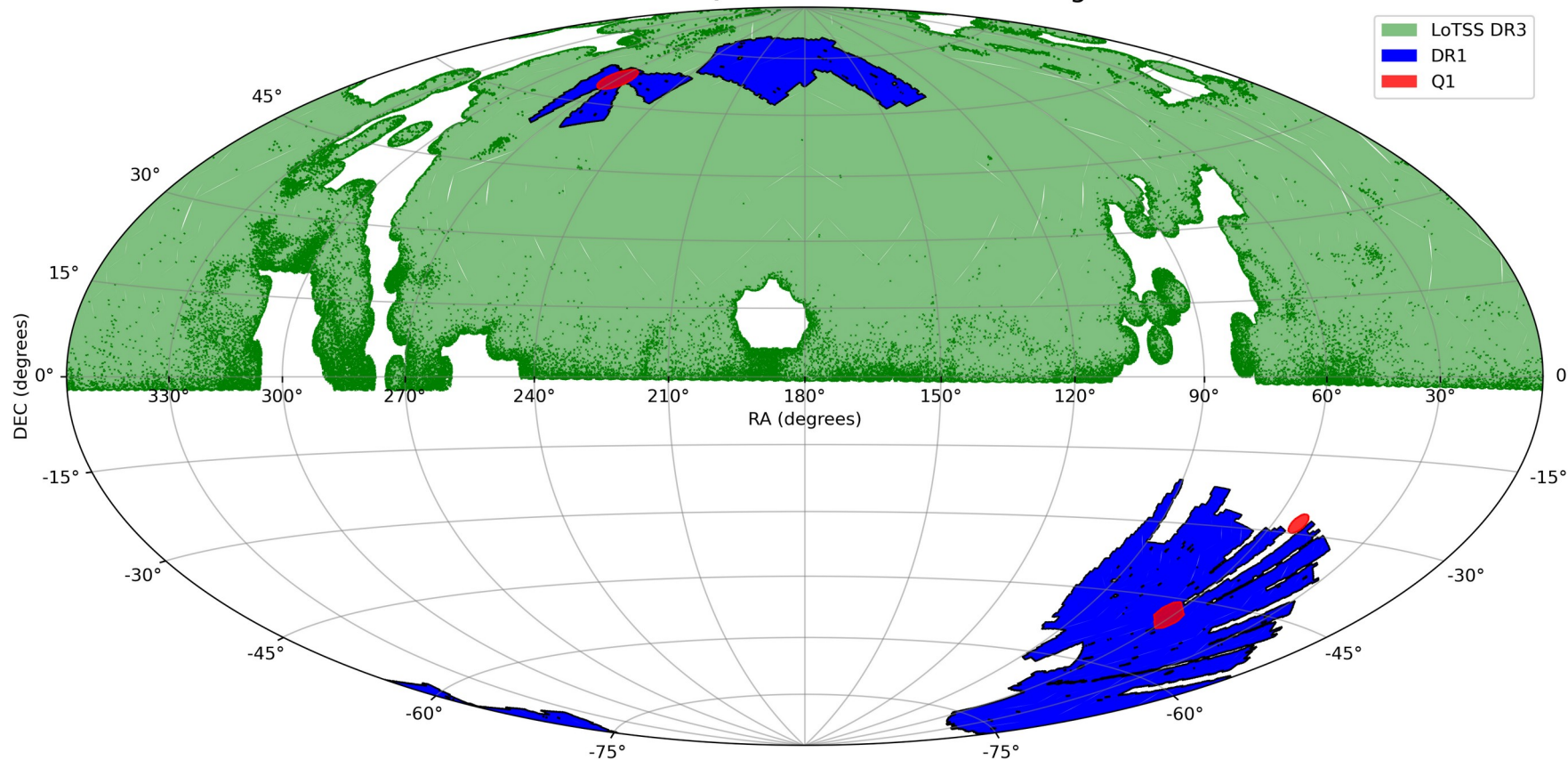
Garg, Visser et al. in prep.

Colour Evolution of Radio-Loud AGN



Towards Euclid DR1 in October 2025

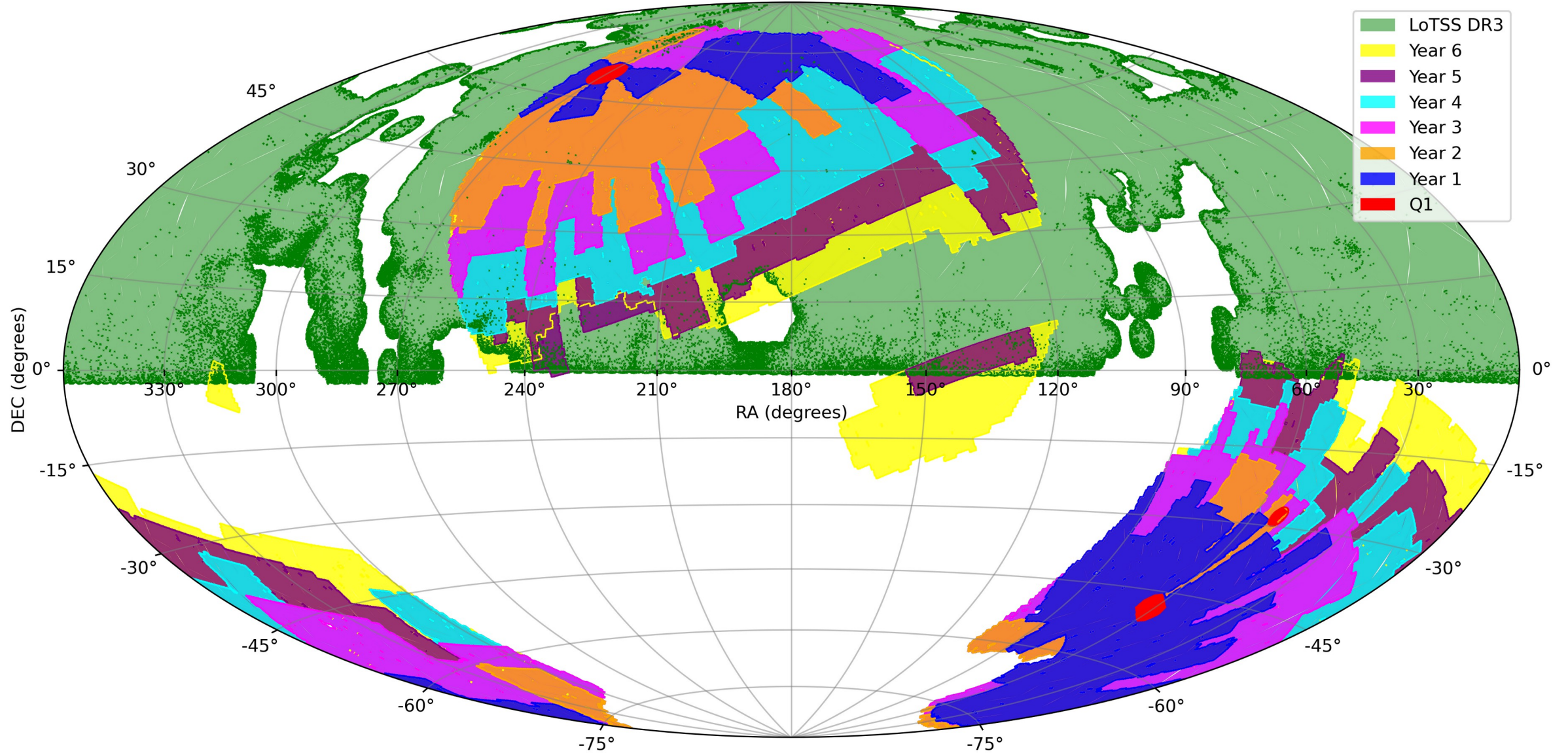
Euclid DR1 + Q1 and LoTSS DR3 coverage



Euclid DR1 coverage:
~500 deg² in the North
~650k LoTSS DR3 sources
~23k EDFN sources
~200 million Euclid galaxies

LOFAR + Full Euclid Survey

Euclid Yearly Coverage + LoTSS DR3



Conclusions

- Radio-loud AGN fractions follow powerlaw over large redshift and stellar mass windows
- Galaxy colours reflect radio-loud AGN evolution
- Huge potential in combining LOFAR & Euclid

Thank you for listening!
Any questions?